# **MEP 34 -- IDMAP/BinaryIDMAP Enhancement**

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### Summary(required)

In this MEP, we put forward an IDMAP/BinaryIDMAP Enhancement proposal that let knowhere index type IDMAP/BinaryIDMAP to hold an external vector data pointer instead of adding real vector data in.

This Enhanced IDMAP/BinaryIDMAP can be used for growing segment searching to improve code reuse and reduce code maintenance effort.

### Motivation(required)

Generally no one will create IDMAP/BinaryIDMAP index type for sealed segment, because it does not bring any search performance improvement but consumes identical size of memory and disk.

The only reasonable use scenario for IDMAP/BinaryIDMAP is for growing segment. But if create an IDMAP/BinaryIDMAP index in a normal way, it will consume lots of resources, because it will involve index node (to create index file), data node (to save index file to S3) and rootcoord / indexcoord / datacoord (to coordinate all these operations).

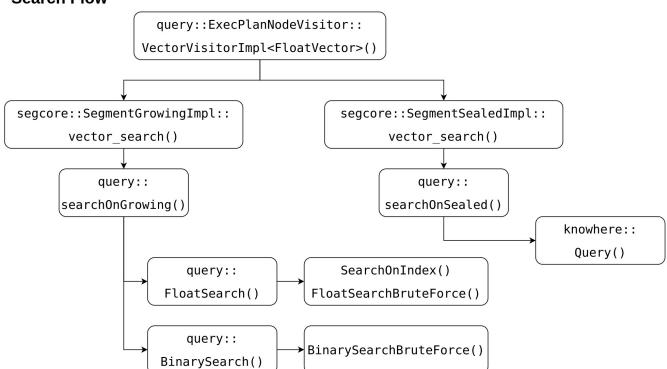
So Milvus uses following 2 strategies for growing segment searching:

- · small batch index for fully-filled chunks (this functionality is disabled for some particular reason)
- brute force search for partial-filled chunks and no indexed fully-filled chunks (copied from knowhere IDMAP)

The advantage of this solution is resource saving, except query node, no other nodes will be involved in; while the shortcoming is code duplication.

See following "Search Flow" chart, `FloatSearchBruteForce` and `BinarySearchBruteForce` are copied from knowhere::IDMAP/BinaryIDMAP's interface Query() and modified a little. This will introduce more code maintenance effort. And when realize new feature on IDMAP/BinaryIDMAP in Knowhere, such as range search, we have to also copy these codes implementation to Milvus.

### **Search Flow**



If we enhance IDMAP/BinaryIDMAP, not to add real vector data in, but only hold an external vector data pointer in the index, we can use knowhere::IDMAP/BinaryIDMAP's interface Query() directly without any costs. User need guarantee that the memory is contiguous and safe.

In this way:

- no CPU time, memory and disk consumption when creating index
- resource saving, only query node is involved in
- · no code duplication for growing segment search
- · unified search result for sealed segment and growing segment

#### Proposal 1 (only take IDMAP as an example)

Reuse index IDMAP, add new interface in both knowhere and faiss.

- Faiss adds new field "codes\_ex" and new interface "add\_ex()" for structure IndexFlat. In IndexFlat, "codes" and "codes\_ex" are mutual exclusive, user cannot set both of them.
- 2. Knowhere adds a new interface `AddExWithoutIds()` for IDMAP.
- 3. In Milvus, re-write API "FloatSearchBruteForce()", let it use enhanced IDMAP to search.

Advantages: Little code change

Cons: Need add new interfaces in both Faiss and Knowhere

#### Proposal 2 (only take IDMAP as an example)

Add new index type IDMAP\_EX, add new interface in faiss.

- 1. Faiss adds new field "codes\_ex" and new interface "add\_ex()" for structure IndexFlat. In IndexFlat, "codes" and "codes\_ex" are mutual exclusive, user cannot set both of them.
- 2. Knowhere adds a new index type IDMAP\_EX, which use API "add\_ex()" to insert vector data.
- 3. In Milvus, re-write API "FloatSearchBruteForce()", let it use new IDMAP\_EX to search.

Advantages: No new interface in Knowhere

Cons: Need add new index type in Knowhere, most part of code of this index is duplicate with IDMAP

#### Proposal 3 (only take IDMAP as an example)

Add a new wrapper API in knowhere to call faiss brute force search for all metric types

Advantages: No code change in faiss, only one new interface in Knowhere

Cons: This change dis-obey knowhere's design concept. By now all operations in knowhere is for an index, but this API is for all metric types, not for an index.

Since both Proposal 1 and Proposal 2 need add new interface in Faiss, and Milvus team think this will break Faiss's encapsulation, we adopt Proposal 3.

### Public Interfaces(optional)

Add new interface only in Knowhere

BruteForce::Search() is wrapper API to call Faiss brute force search for all metric types.

BruteForce::RangeSearch() is wrapper API to call Faiss brute force range search for all metric types.

### Design Details(required)

For growing segment in segcore, all brute force search related code can be removed, call knowhere's BruteForceSearch() and BruteForceRangeSearch() instead.

## Compatibility, Deprecation, and Migration Plan(optional)

• This MEP will be transparent for users, and will not introduce any compatibility issue.

# Test Plan(required)

New testcases are added in Knowhere to test "BruteForceSearch()" and "BruteForceRangeSearch()".

• in knowhere/unittest/test\_bruteforce.cpp

No extra testcases need be added in Milvus because current growing segment search testcases can cover this change.

Search result and performance will be identical with before.

# References(optional)

Briefly list all references