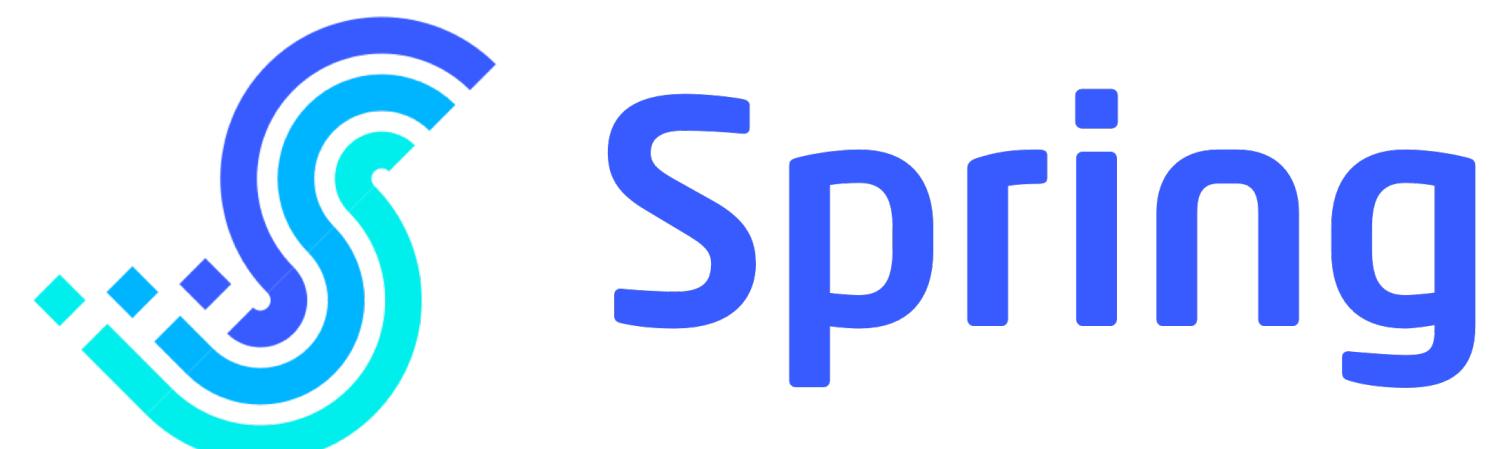


Spring Project: Multi Backend Neural Network Auto Quantization and Deployment over ONNX



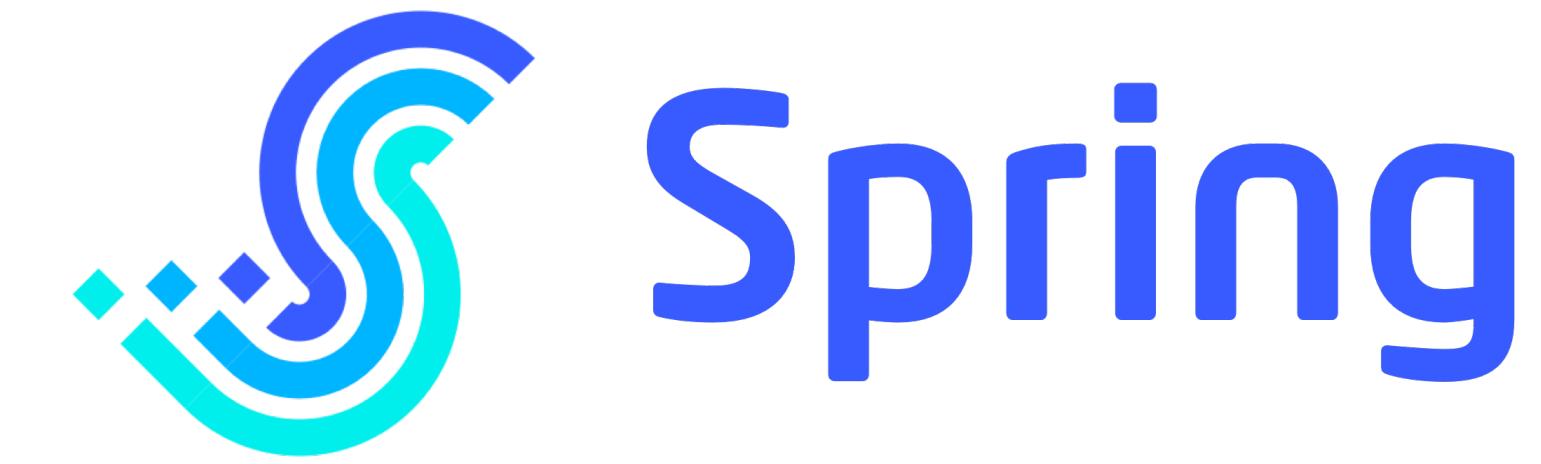
Fengwei Yu (SenseTime-China)
yufengwei@sensetime.com



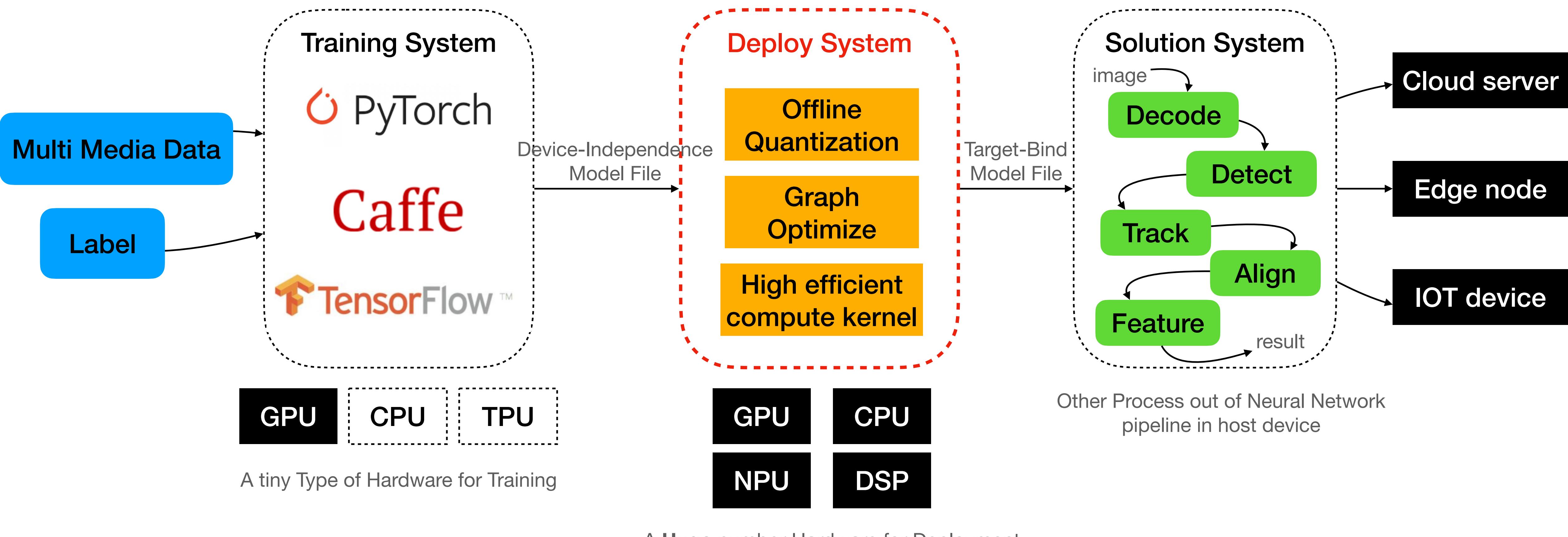
Contents

- What is Spring Project.
- Neural Network Deployment.
 - Multi-device: NART
 - Efficiency: Quantization
 - Automatic: Adela system
- From Caffe to Onnx.

What is Spring Project?



:Industrial Grade AI Model Production Framework



Neural Network Deployment: Features and Challenges

: From Device-Independence Model File to Target-Bind Model File

★3 key features of a Neural Network Deployment Framework

Multi-Device

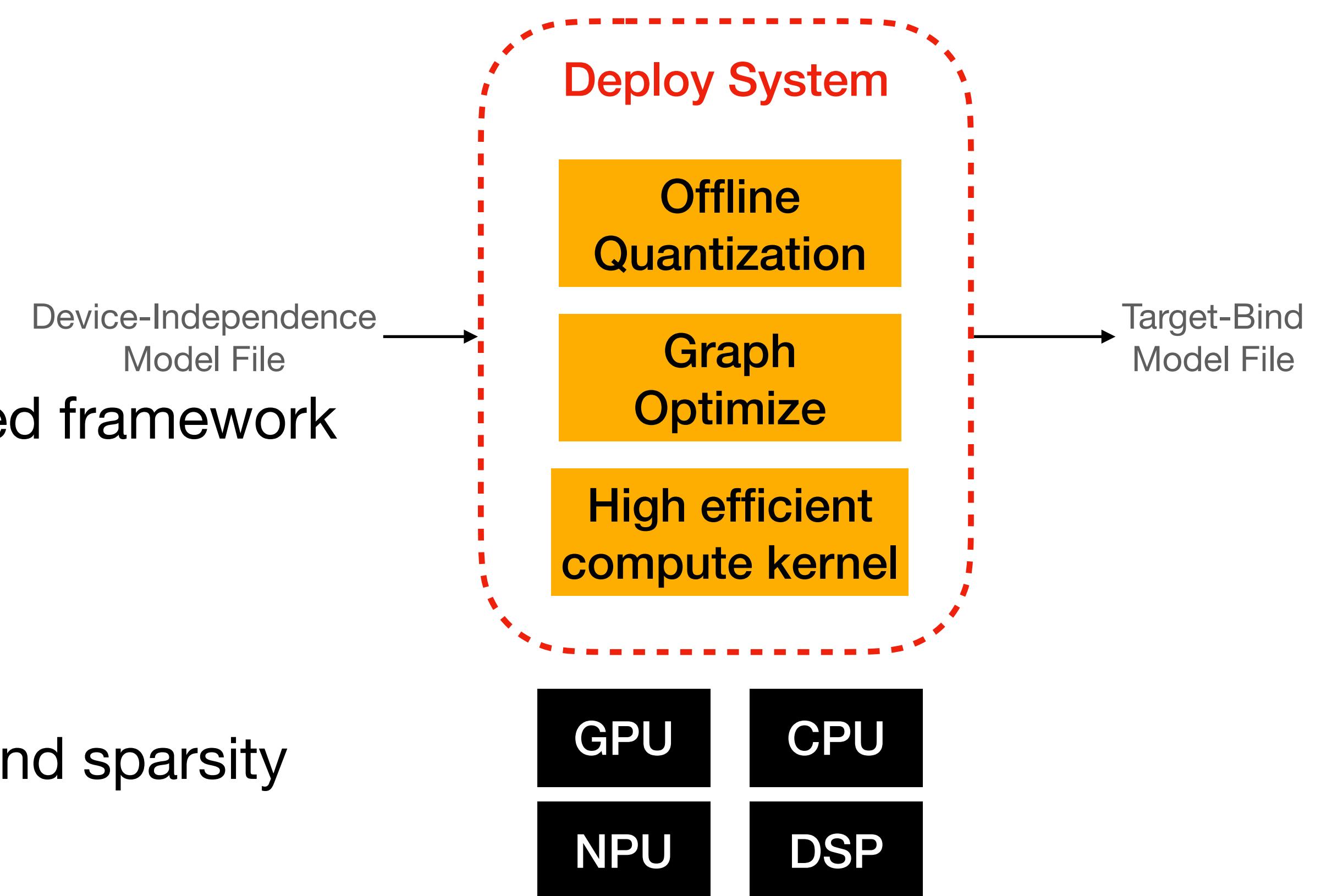
support more and more device with an unified framework
enable to run

Efficiency

high efficient on special target
support model compress like quantization and sparsity

Automatic

more “end2end” in one model
we want “one-for-all”
we don’t want “compile failed”



Our Solutions: Multi-Device

A little fact for codegen solution (like TVM) to support a new device: Almost all nowaday NPUs provide only end2end compiler (of a net) instead of release their low level instruction for developer.

We need a framework which support any type of integration:

- **Code-level:** arm、x86、cuda、BangC、openCL
- **Op-level:** cuDNN、mkIDNN、ARM-Compute Library
- **Net-level:** openvino、TensorRT、ncnn/mnn/tnn、davinci (huawei) 、nnie (hisicon) 、jlq、neuware (cambricon) 、sgstar、rknn (rockchip)

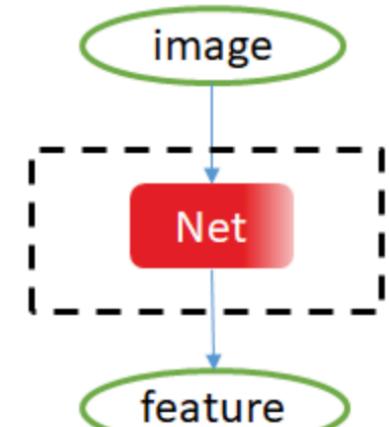
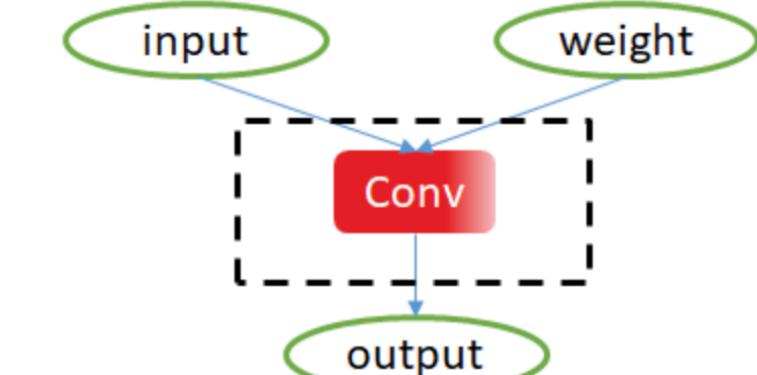
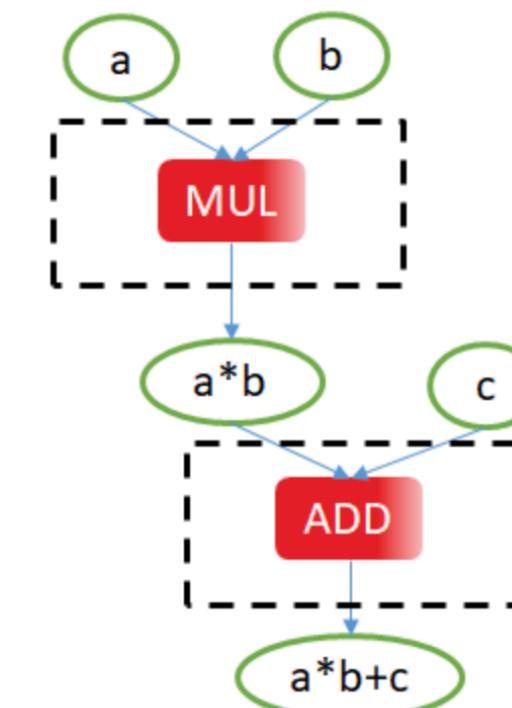
We build a compiler system name spring.nart:



How we build NART

Feature 1: multi-scope OP

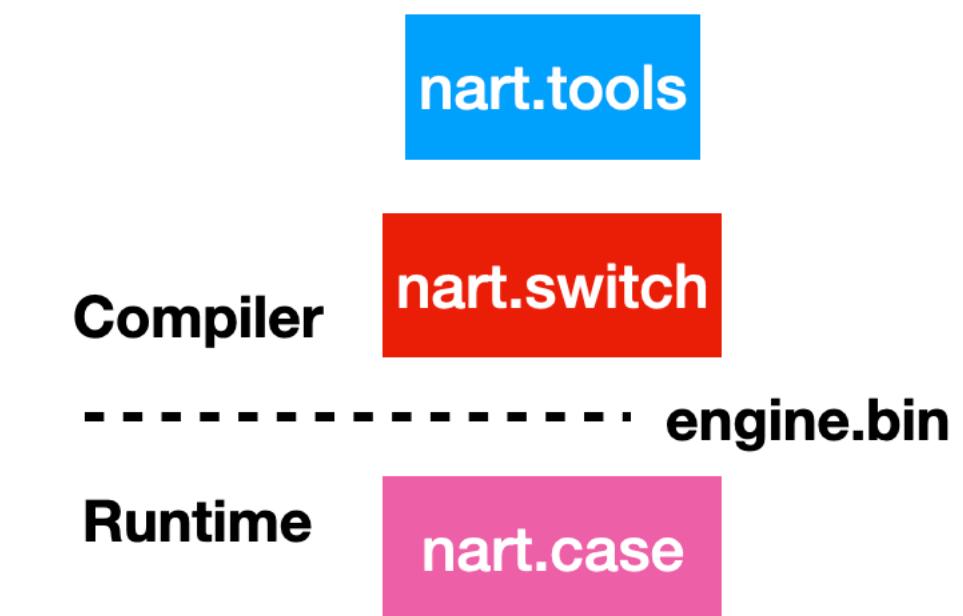
view a compiled net as a type of OP
serialize file as OP setting



Feature 2: compile / runtime separate

runtime (named nart-case):
only contain a large set of OP

compiler (named nart-switch):
deal with quantization/graph optimization/format transform/ bypass compile

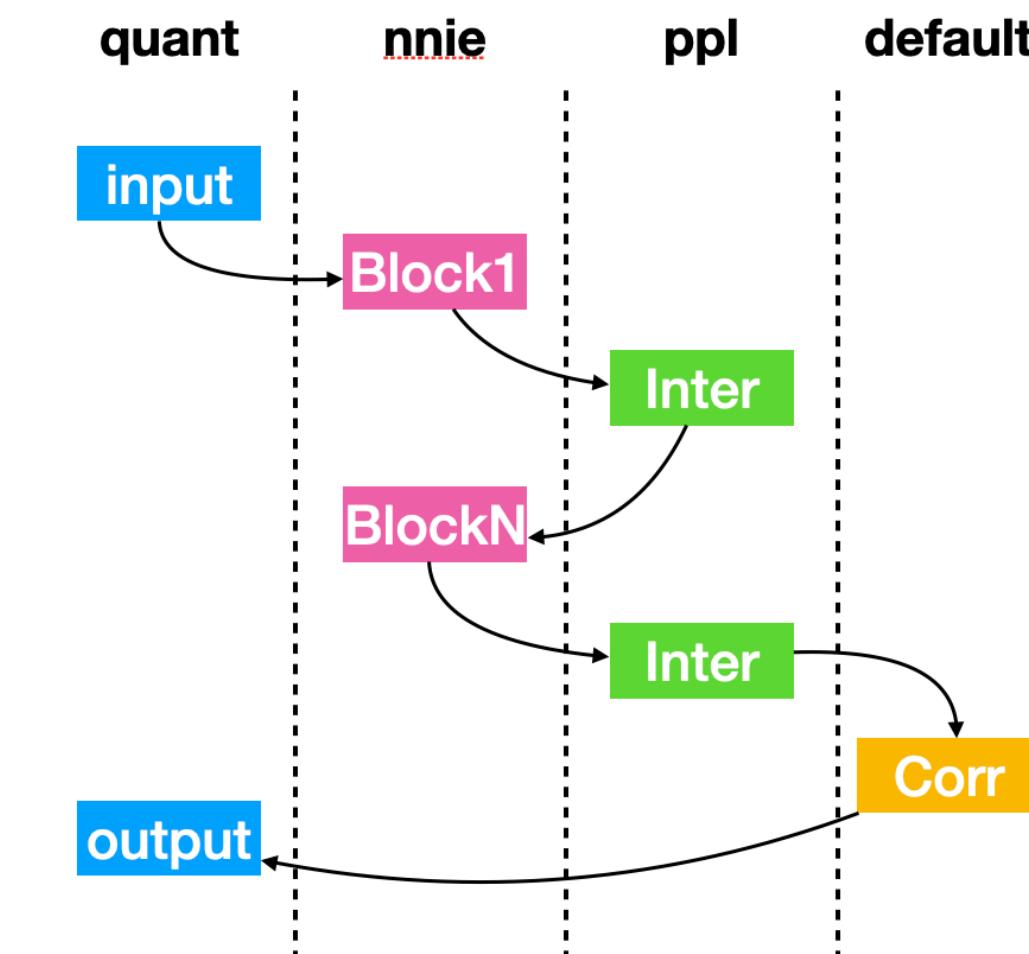


Feature 3: mixed operation

Deal with fall back: op not support in NPU

Mix precision: auto insert quant and de-quant OP

with NART, we can now support more than **16** type of devices now (**with a single ONNX file input**) , include: davinci、cambricon、nvidia、ambarella、vp6、nnie、jlq、movidius、sigmstar、ceva、opencl、rockchip、snpe、x86、arm and etc....



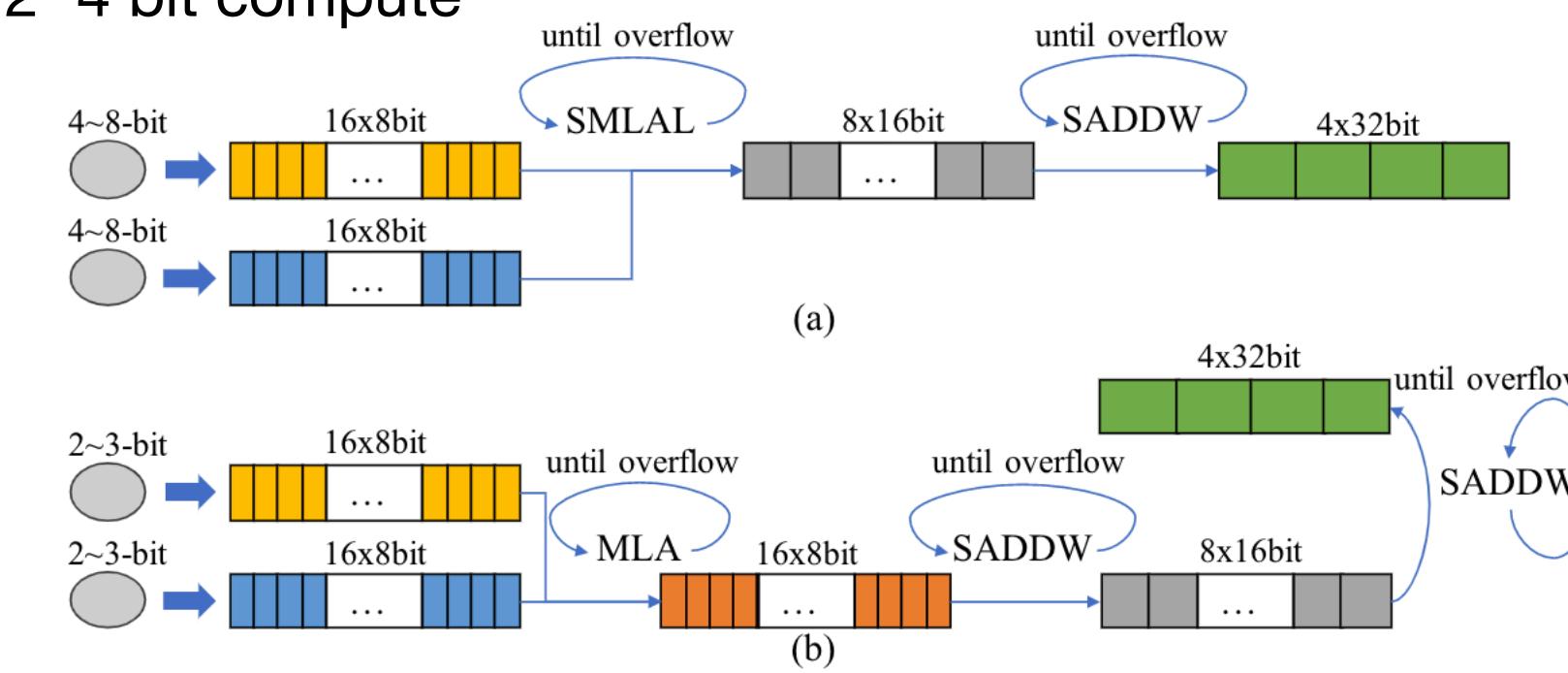
Our Solutions: Efficiency

Programable hardware (GPU、CPU) : openvino、tensorRT doing very well on fp32/fp16/int8、But leak support of low bit (< 8bit)

★first support extremely low-bit convolution on modern computer architectures

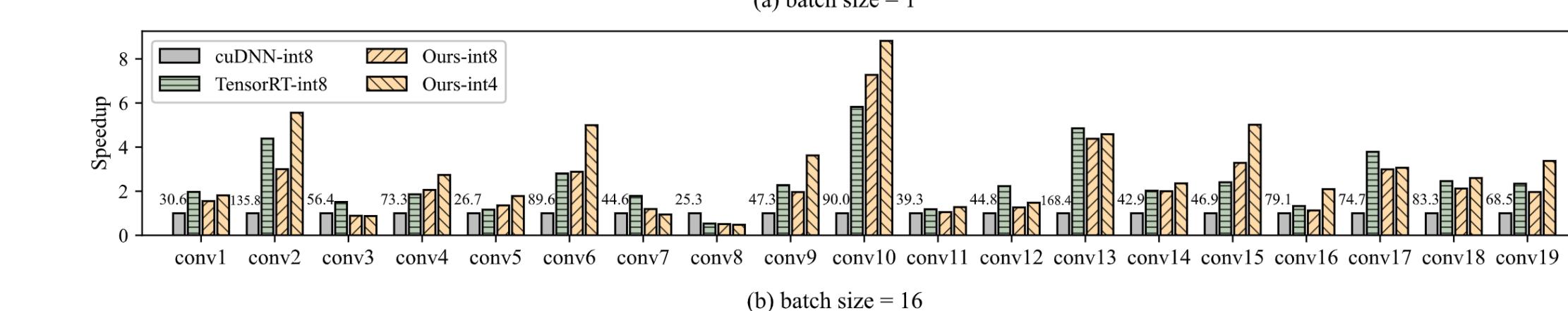
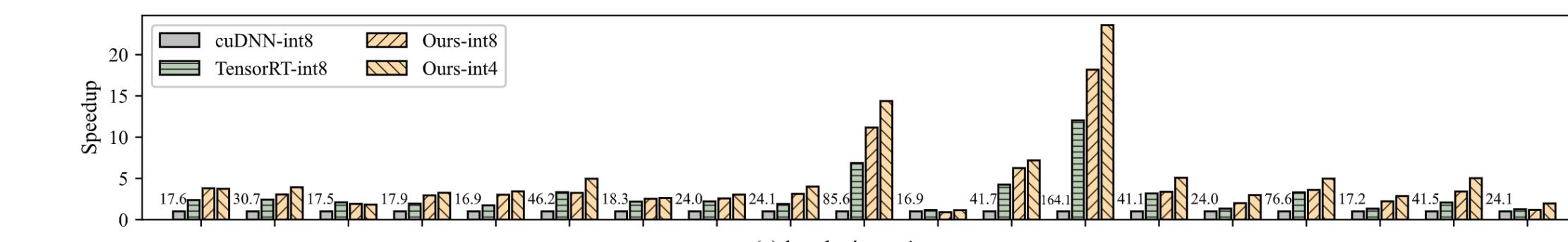
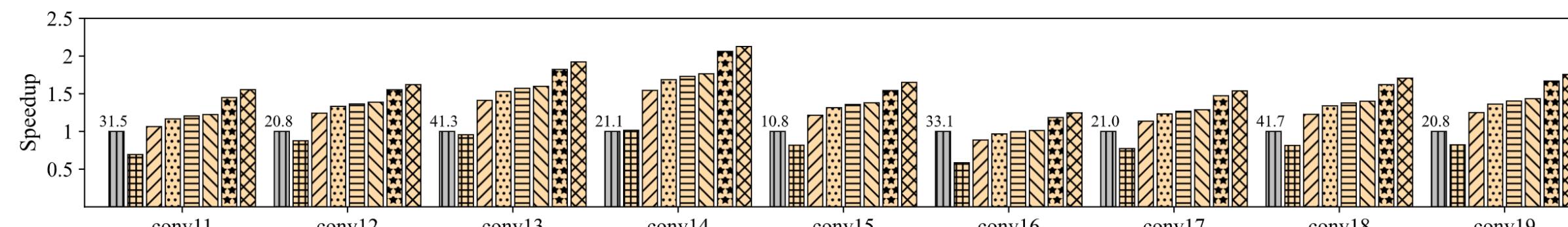
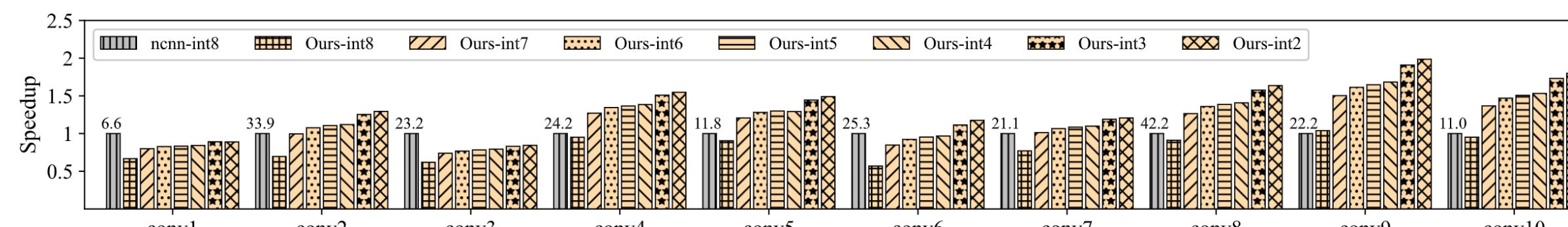
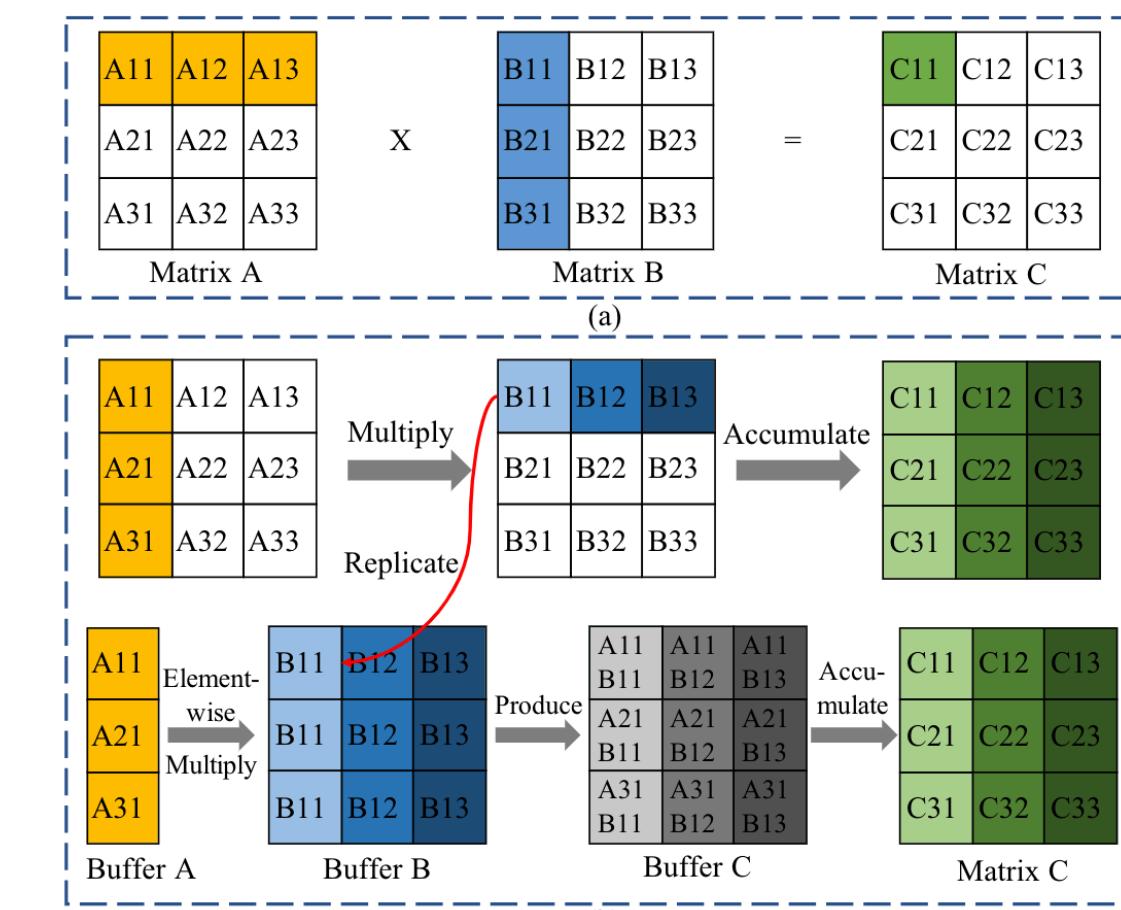
For arm neon:

use smlal for 5~8 bit compute
use mla for 2~4 bit compute



For turning tensorcore:

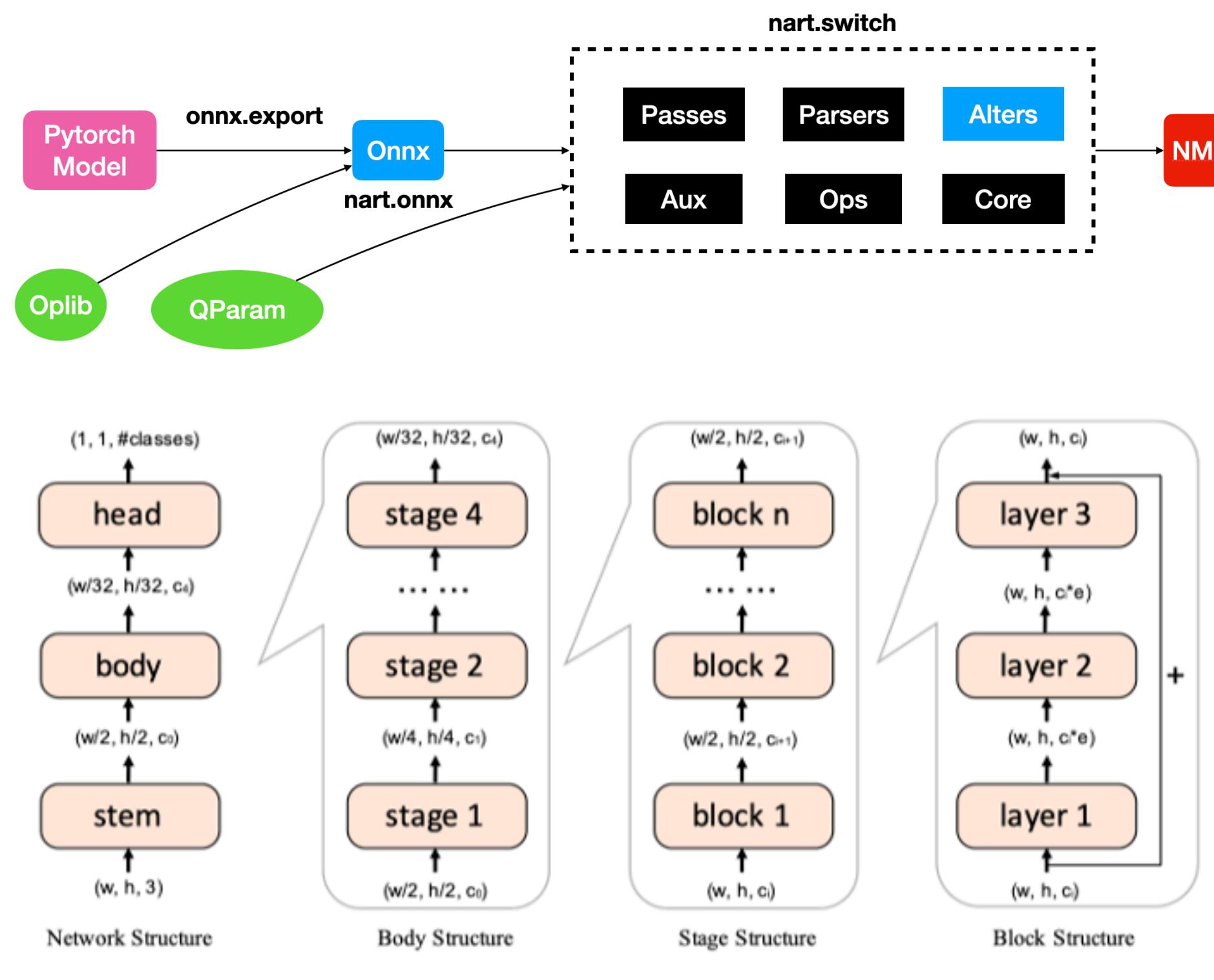
single load-replicate instruction on GEMM-based convolution
data padding and packing optimization.



Our Solutions: Efficiency

almost every NPU support int8、but accuracy is not good enough

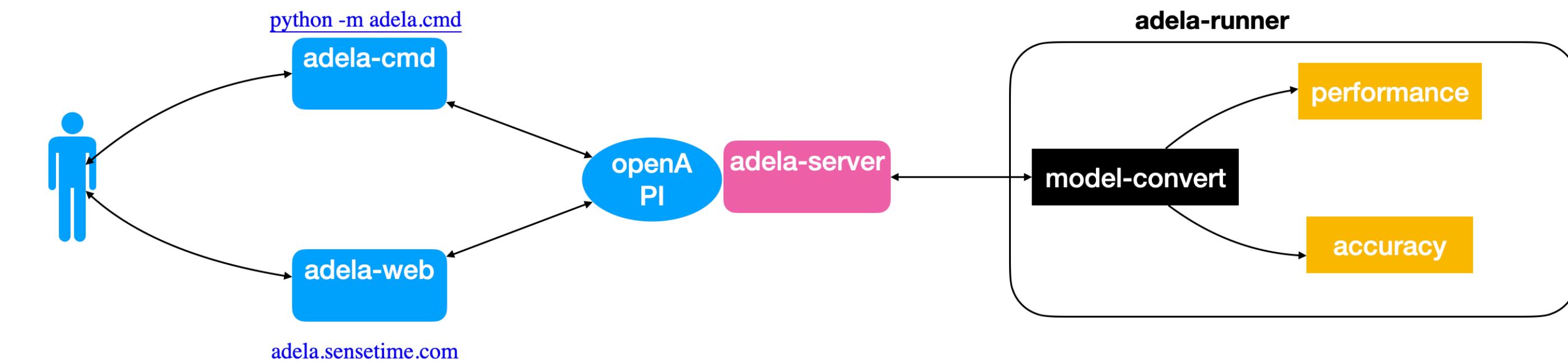
- ★ NART compiler allow user-defined quantization parameter
- ★ BRECQ: a new offline quantization improve accuracy.



Hardware	Corp	Library	Bit number	Type
GPU	Nvidia	TensorRT	8	Per channel+ asym
			Fp16	IEEE 754
		NART-quant	4/8	Per channel/layer
3559/3519/3516	Hisilicon	Nnie	8/16	Log type
	Ceva	PPL	8/16	Per channel/layer
Hexagon DSP	Qualcomm	PPL	8/16	Per channel/layer
		SNPE	8	Per layer + asym
Adreno 5/6 seria	Qualcomm	PPL	Fp16	IEEE 754 without Subnormal
ARM	ARM	NART-quant	2~8	Per layer + asym
WUQI	WUQI tech	WUQI sdk	8/16	Ristretto type
SigmaStar	SigmaStar	SigmaStar sdk	8/16	Per-channel, asym A+ sym W
Davinci	Huawei	ACL	8	Per-channel
			Fp16	IEEE 754
MLU2xx	Cambriccom	Neuware	8/16	Per-channel
JLQ	JLQ			
RockChip	RockChip	rknn		

Our Solutions: Automatic

- ★ Adela System (internal): An end2end SaSS solution
- ★ Model file (ONNX)
 - upload once deploy and test everywhere!



- More than **500** users
- **200+** deployment and test / days
- **30+** new model upload / days

From Caffe format to Onnx

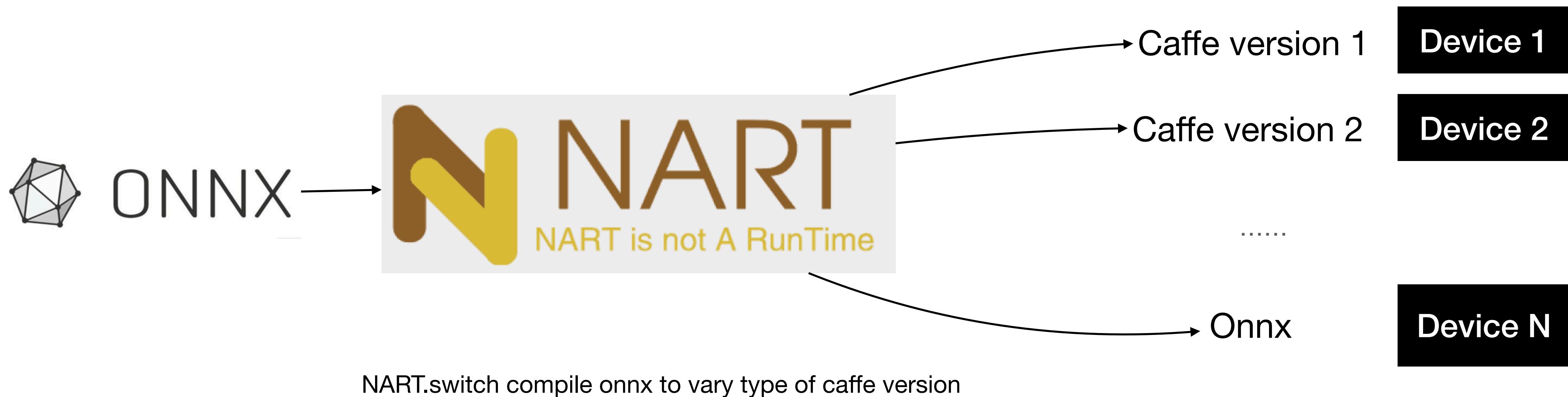
Caffe

- ✗ centralization caffe.proto
- ✗ non standard
- ✗ hard to extend a new op
- ✗ no support constant tensor



ONNX

- ✓ extendable onnx.proto
- ✓ opset version
- ✓ easy to extend a new op
- ✓ no support constant tensor



Thanks!